



KEN PAXTON
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

September 9, 2022

Ms. Mia Settle Vinson
Open Records Attorney
Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation
P.O. Box 12157
Austin, Texas 78711

OR2022-27539

Dear Ms. Vinson:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 968250 (ORR# R009503).

The Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (the "department") received a request for information pertaining to compensation received by a named individual for a specified event. The department claims some of the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code. We have considered the claimed exception and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. Section 552.101 encompasses the doctrine of common-law privacy, which protects information that is (1) highly intimate or embarrassing, the publication of which would be highly objectionable to a reasonable person, and (2) not of legitimate concern to the public. *Indus. Found. v. Tex. Indus. Accident Bd.*, 540 S.W.2d 668, 685 (Tex. 1976). To demonstrate the applicability of common-law privacy, both prongs of this test must be satisfied. *Id.* at 681-82. Types of information considered intimate and embarrassing by the Texas Supreme Court are delineated in the *Industrial Foundation* decision. *Id.* at 683. This office has found personal financial information not relating to the financial transaction between an individual and a governmental body is excepted from required public disclosure under common-law privacy. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 600 (1992), 545 (1990). Upon review, we agree the information that the department has marked under common-law privacy satisfies the standard articulated by the Texas Supreme Court in the *Industrial*

Foundation decision. Accordingly, the department must withhold the information it has marked under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy. The department must release the remaining information.

Finally, the department asks this office to issue a previous determination permitting it to withhold purse information contained in Promoter-Contestant Contracts for combative sports competitions regulated by the department under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy without requesting a ruling from this office. *See Gov't Code § 552.301(a)* (allowing governmental body to withhold information subject to previous determination); Open Records Decision No. 673 (2001). However, we decline to do so at this time. Accordingly, this letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us. Therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at <https://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open-government/members-public/what-expect-after-ruling-issued> or call the OAG's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Public Information Act may be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the OAG, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,

James L. Coggeshall
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

JLC/jm

Ref: ID# 968250

c: Requestor