



**KEN PAXTON**  
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

March 22, 2022

Mr. Renato Garcia  
Counsel for the City of Mathis  
Wood, Boykin & Wolter, PC  
555 North Carancahua, Suite 1510  
Corpus Christi, Texas 78401

OR2022-08253

Dear Mr. Garcia:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 939191.

The City of Mathis (the "city"), which you represent, received a request for information pertaining to a former officer. The city claims the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101, 552.102, and 552.117 of the Government Code. We have considered the claimed exceptions and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. This section encompasses section 1701.454 of the Occupations Code, which governs the public availability of information submitted to the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement (the "commission") under subchapter J of chapter 1701 of the Occupations Code. Section 1701.454 provides as follows:

- (a) All information submitted to the commission under this subchapter is confidential and is not subject to disclosure under [the Act], unless the person resigned or was terminated due to substantiated incidents of excessive force or violations of the law other than traffic offenses.
- (b) Except as provided by this subchapter, a commission member or other person may not release information submitted under this subchapter.

Occ. Code § 1701.454. The submitted information contains an F-5 Separation of Licensee form that was submitted to the commission pursuant to subchapter J of chapter 1701 of the Occupations Code. The submitted F-5 form does not reflect the named former officer to whom this form applies was terminated due to substantiated incidents of excessive force or violations of the law other than traffic offenses. Therefore, the city must withhold the submitted F-5 form under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 1701.454 of the Occupations Code.<sup>1</sup>

Section 552.101 of the Government Code also encompasses the doctrine of common-law privacy, which protects information that is (1) highly intimate or embarrassing, the publication of which would be highly objectionable to a reasonable person, and (2) not of legitimate concern to the public. *Indus. Found. v. Tex. Indus. Accident Bd.*, 540 S.W.2d 668, 685 (Tex. 1976). To demonstrate the applicability of common-law privacy, both prongs of this test must be satisfied. *Id.* at 681-82. Types of information considered intimate and embarrassing by the Texas Supreme Court are delineated in the *Industrial Foundation* decision. *Id.* at 683. This office has found personal financial information not relating to the financial transaction between an individual and a governmental body is excepted from required public disclosure under common-law privacy. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 600 (1992), 545 (1990). Upon review, we find some of the remaining information, which we have marked, satisfies the standard articulated by the Texas Supreme Court in the *Industrial Foundation* decision. Accordingly, the city must withhold the information we have marked under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy. However, the remaining information is not confidential under common-law privacy, and the city may not withhold it under section 552.101 on that ground.

Section 552.117(a)(2) of the Government Code excepts from public disclosure the home address, home telephone number, emergency contact information, and social security number of a current or honorably retired peace officer, as well as information that reveals whether the current or honorably retired peace officer has family members, regardless of whether the current or honorably retired peace officer complies with sections 552.024 and 552.1175 of the Government Code. *See* Gov't Code § 552.117(a)(2); *see also id.* 552.003(1-b)) (defining “honorably retired” for purposes of the Act). For purposes of section 552.117, “family member” means a spouse, minor child, or adult child who resides in the person’s home. *See id.* 552.117(c)) (providing that “family member” has meaning assigned by Fin. Code § 31.006(d). Section 552.117(a)(2) applies to peace officers as defined by article 2.12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure. Accordingly, if the individual whose information we have marked is a current or honorably retired peace officer as defined by article 2.12, then the city must withhold the information we have marked under section 552.117(a)(2) of the Government Code. Conversely, if this individual is not a current or honorably retired peace officer as defined by article 2.12, then the city may not withhold the marked information under section 552.117(a)(2).

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<sup>1</sup> As our ruling is dispositive, we do not address the other arguments of the city to withhold this information.

If the information we have marked under section 552.117 pertains to an individual who is not a current or honorably retired peace officer, then the marked information may be subject to section 552.117(a)(1) of the Government Code. Section 552.117(a)(1) excepts from disclosure the home addresses and telephone numbers, emergency contact information, social security numbers, and family member information of current or former officials or employees of a governmental body who request that this information be kept confidential under section 552.024 of the Government Code. Gov't Code § 552.117(a)(1). Whether information is protected by section 552.117(a)(1) must be determined at the time the request for it is made. *See* Open Records Decision No. 530 at 5 (1989). Therefore, the city may only withhold information under section 552.117(a)(1) on behalf of current or former employees who made a request for confidentiality under section 552.024 prior to the date on which the request for this information was made. Such information may not be withheld for individuals who did not make a timely election. The city must withhold the information we have marked under section 552.117(a)(1) of the Government Code if the individual at issue timely elected to withhold that information.

In summary, the city must withhold the submitted F-5 form under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 1701.454 of the Occupations Code. The city must also withhold the information we have marked under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy. The city must withhold the information we have marked under section 552.117(a)(2) of the Government Code if the individual at issue is a current or honorably retired peace officer as defined by article 2.12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure; however, if this individual is not a current or honorably retired peace officer as defined by article 2.12 and he timely requested confidentiality under section 552.024 of the Government Code, then the city must withhold the information at issue under section 552.117(a)(1) of the Government Code. The city must release the remaining information.

Finally, the city asks this office to issue a previous determination permitting it to withhold F-5 forms under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 1701.454 of the Occupations Code and dates of birth under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy and section 552.102 of the Government Code without requesting a ruling from this office. *See* Gov't Code § 552.301(a) (allowing governmental body to withhold information subject to previous determination); Open Records Decision No. 673 (2001). However, we decline to do so at this time. Accordingly, this letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us. Therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at <https://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open-government/members-public/what-expect-after-ruling-issued> or call the OAG's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable

charges for providing public information under the Public Information Act may be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the OAG, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,

James L. Coggeshall  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

JLC/ba

Ref: ID# 939191

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor  
(w/o enclosures)