



KEN PAXTON
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

July 21, 2020

Ms. Chelsey Heil
Records Supervisor
City of Leander
705 Leander Drive
Leander, Texas 78641

OR2020-18191

Dear Ms. Heil:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 836735.

The Leander Police Department (the "department") received a request for information pertaining to a specified accident. You state the department will release some information. You claim some of the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101 and 552.130 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. Section 552.101 encompasses sections 772.118, 772.218, and 772.318 of the Health and Safety Code. Chapter 772 of the Health and Safety Code authorizes the development of local emergency communication districts. Sections 772.118, 772.218, and 772.318 are applicable to emergency 9-1-1 districts established in accordance with chapter 772. See Open Records Decision No. 649 (1996). These sections make the originating telephone numbers and addresses of 9-1-1 callers that are furnished by a service supplier confidential. *Id.* at 2. Section 772.118 applies to an emergency communication district for a county with a population of more than 3.3 million. Section 772.218 applies to an emergency communication district for a county with a population of more than 1.5 million. Section 772.318 applies to an emergency communication district for a county with a population of more than 20,000.

The department asserts the information at issue contains the originating telephone number of a 9-1-1 caller. However, the department does not inform us whether it is part of an emergency communication district established under section 772.118, 772.218, or 772.318 of the Health and Safety Code. Nevertheless, if the department is part of an emergency communication district established under one of these sections, then, to the extent the telephone number of the 9-1-1 caller was supplied by a 9-1-1 service supplier, then the department must withhold this information under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 772.118, 772.218, or 772.318 of the Health and Safety Code. If the department is not subject to section 772.118, 772.218, or 772.318, or if the telephone number was not supplied by a 9-1-1 service supplier, then the department may not withhold the information on any of those grounds.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code also encompasses the doctrine of common-law privacy. *Indus. Found. v. Tex. Indus. Accident Bd.*, 540 S.W.2d 668, 685 (Tex. 1976). Under the common-law right of privacy, an individual has a right to be free from the publicizing of private affairs in which the public has no legitimate concern. *Id.* at 682. The Third Court of Appeals has concluded public citizens' dates of birth are protected by common-law privacy pursuant to section 552.101. *See Paxton v. City of Dallas*, No. 03-13-00546-CV, 2015 WL 3394061, at *3 (Tex. App.—Austin May 22, 2015, pet. denied) (mem. op.). We note the requestor is an attorney representing one of the individuals involved. *See Gov't Code* § 552.023(a), (b) (person or person's authorized representative has special right of access to records that contain information relating to the person that are protected from public disclosure by laws intended to protect that person's privacy interests); Open Records Decision No. 481 at 4 (1987) (privacy theories not implicated when individual requests information concerning himself). Thus, the requestor has a right of access to information pertaining to her client that would otherwise be private. The department must withhold the dates of birth we have marked under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy. However, the department has failed to demonstrate any of the remaining information is highly intimate or embarrassing and of no legitimate public interest. Thus, the department may not withhold any of the remaining information under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy.

Section 552.130 of the Government Code provides information relating to a motor vehicle operator's or driver's license, motor vehicle title or registration, or personal identification document issued by an agency of this state or another state or country is excepted from public release. *Gov't Code* § 552.130(a). The requestor has a right of access to her client's motor vehicle record information pursuant to section 552.023 of the Government Code. *See id.* § 552.023(a); ORD 481 at 4. However, the department must withhold the motor vehicle record information that does not pertain to the requestor, which we have marked, under section 552.130 of the Government Code.

In summary, if the department is part of an emergency communication district established under one of these sections, then, to the extent the telephone number of the 9-1-1 caller was supplied by a 9-1-1 service supplier, then the department must withhold this information under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 772.118, 772.218, or 772.318 of the Health and Safety Code. The department must withhold the

dates of birth we have marked under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy. The department must withhold the motor vehicle record information we have marked under section 552.130 of the Government Code. The department must release the remaining information.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at <https://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open-government/members-public/what-expect-after-ruling-issued> or call the OAG's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Public Information Act may be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the OAG, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,

Kelly McWethy
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

KM/mo

Ref: ID# 836735

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)