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ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

April 29, 2020

Ms. June B. Harden
Assistant Attorney General
Assistant Public Information Coordinator
Office of the Attorney General
P.O. Box 12548
Austin, Texas 78711-2548

OR2020-12181

Dear Ms. Harden:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 825573 (PIR# R003377).

The Office of the Attorney General (the "OAG") received a request for information pertaining to a named entity. The OAG states it will release most of the requested information with redactions allowed by law. The OAG claims the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code and is privileged pursuant to rule 503 of the Texas Rules of Evidence. We have considered the submitted arguments and reviewed the submitted representative sample of information.¹

Initially, the OAG acknowledges the submitted information is subject to section 552.022 of the Government Code. Section 552.022(a) provides, in relevant part:

(a) [T]he following categories of information are public information and not excepted from required disclosure unless made confidential under this chapter or other law:

¹ We assume the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. See Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach, and therefore does not authorize the withholding of, any other requested records to the extent that those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

(1) a completed report, audit, evaluation, or investigation made of, for, or by a governmental body, except as provided by Section 552.108[.]

Gov't Code § 552.022(a)(1). The OAG informs us the submitted information is part of a completed investigation that is subject to section 552.022(a)(1). The OAG must release this information pursuant to section 552.022(a)(1) unless it is excepted from disclosure under section 552.108 of the Government Code or is made confidential under the Act or other law. *See id.* The OAG raises Texas Rule of Evidence 503 for some of this information. The Texas Supreme Court has held the Texas Rules of Evidence are “other law” that make information expressly confidential for the purposes of section 552.022. *In re City of Georgetown*, 53 S.W.3d 328, 336 (Tex. 2001). Therefore, we will consider the OAG’s assertion of the attorney-client privilege under Texas Rule of Evidence 503 for the information subject to section 552.022 of the Government Code. Further, because section 552.101 of the Government Code makes information confidential for purposes of section 552.022, we will consider the applicability of this exception to the information at issue.

Texas Rule of Evidence 503 enacts the attorney-client privilege. Rule 503(b)(1) provides the following:

A client has a privilege to refuse to disclose and to prevent any other person from disclosing confidential communications made to facilitate the rendition of professional legal services to the client:

- (A) between the client or the client’s representative and the client’s lawyer or the lawyer’s representative;
- (B) between the client’s lawyer and the lawyer’s representative;
- (C) by the client, the client’s representative, the client’s lawyer, or the lawyer’s representative to a lawyer representing another party in a pending action or that lawyer’s representative, if the communications concern a matter of common interest in the pending action;
- (D) between the client’s representatives or between the client and the client’s representative; or
- (E) among lawyers and their representatives representing the same client.

TEX. R. EVID. 503(b)(1). A communication is “confidential” if not intended to be disclosed to third persons other than those to whom disclosure is made to further the rendition of professional legal services to the client or reasonably necessary to transmit the communication. *Id.* 503(a)(5).

Accordingly, in order to withhold attorney-client privileged information from disclosure under rule 503, a governmental body must 1) show that the document is a communication transmitted between privileged parties or reveals a confidential communication; 2) identify the parties involved in the communication; and 3) show that the communication is confidential by explaining that it was not intended to be disclosed to third persons and that it was made in furtherance of the rendition of professional legal services to the client. *See* Open Records Decision No. 676 (2002). Upon a demonstration of all three factors, the entire communication is confidential under rule 503 provided the client has not waived the privilege or the communication does not fall within the purview of the exceptions to the privilege enumerated in rule 503(d). *Huie v. DeShazo*, 922 S.W.2d 920, 923 (Tex. 1996) (privilege extends to entire communication, including facts contained therein); *In re Valero Energy Corp.*, 973 S.W.2d 453, 457 (Tex. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] 1998, orig. proceeding) (privilege attaches to complete communication, including factual information).

The OAG states the information at issue includes a communication between attorneys and staff in the OAG's Consumer Protection Division ("CPD"). The OAG also states the communication was made for the purpose of providing legal services to the OAG. Further, the OAG informs us the communication was not intended to be disclosed and has not been disclosed to non-privileged parties. Upon review, we find the OAG has demonstrated the applicability of the attorney-client privilege to the information at issue. Thus, the OAG may withhold Exhibit B under rule 503 of the Texas Rules of Evidence.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. Section 552.101 encompasses information another statute makes confidential. Section 17.61(f) of the Business and Commerce Code provides, in part:

(f) No documentary material produced pursuant to a demand under this section, unless otherwise ordered by a court for good cause shown, shall be produced for inspection or copying by, nor shall its contents be disclosed to any person other than the authorized employee of the office of the attorney general without the consent of the person who produced the material. The office of the attorney general shall prescribe reasonable terms and conditions allowing the documentary material to be available for inspection and copying by the person who produced the material or any duly authorized representative of that person.

Bus. & Com. Code § 17.61(f). This provision requires the OAG to withhold from required public disclosure all documentary material the OAG obtained pursuant to a Civil Investigative Demand ("CID"). The OAG explains CPD issued a CID to the named entity under section 17.61(a) of the Business and Commerce Code. The OAG informs us the named entity complied by providing the information at issue to the OAG. Thus, we agree the OAG must withhold Exhibit C under section 552.101 because it is information obtained pursuant to a CID and, therefore, is confidential under section 17.61(f).

In summary, the OAG may withhold Exhibit B under Texas Rule of Evidence 503. The OAG must withhold Exhibit C under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 17.61(f) of the Business and Commerce Code.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at <https://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open-government/members-public/what-expect-after-ruling-issued> or call the OAG's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Public Information Act may be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the OAG, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,

Matthew Taylor
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

MT/eb

Ref: ID# 825573

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)