



KEN PAXTON
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

March 11, 2020

Mr. J. David Tucker
Assistant District Attorney
Hood County District Attorney's Office
1200 West Pearl Street
Granbury, Texas 76048

OR2020-07728

Dear Mr. Tucker:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 816015.

The Hood County District Attorney's Office (the "district attorney's office") received a request for information pertaining to a specified arrest. The district attorney's office claims the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101 and 552.108 of the Government Code. We have considered the claimed exception and reviewed the submitted information.

Initially, the district attorney's office asserts the submitted information is not responsive to the request for information. The Act requires a governmental body to make a good-faith effort to relate a request to information the governmental body holds or to which it has access. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 563 at 8 (1990), 561 at 8-9 (1990), 555 at 1-2 (1990), 534 at 2-3 (1989). Because the district attorney's office has submitted information for our review and arguments against its disclosure, we find the district attorney's office has made a good-faith effort to submit information that is responsive to the request. Accordingly, we will address the arguments of the district attorney's office against disclosure of the submitted responsive information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't

Code § 552.101. This section encompasses section 261.201(a) of the Family Code, which provides as follows:

[T]he following information is confidential, is not subject to public release under [the Act], and may be disclosed only for purposes consistent with this code and applicable federal or state law or under rules adopted by an investigating agency:

- (1) a report of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect made under this chapter and the identity of the person making the report; and
- (2) except as otherwise provided in this section, the files, reports, records, communications, audiotapes, videotapes, and working papers used or developed in an investigation under this chapter or in providing services as a result of an investigation.

Fam. Code § 261.201(a). The district attorney's office asserts the submitted information was used or developed in an investigation under chapter 261. *See id.* §§ 101.003(a) (defining "child" for purposes of section 261.201), 261.001(1) (defining "abuse" for purposes of section 261.201). Upon review, we find the information is within the scope of section 261.201 of the Family Code. The district attorney's office states it has not adopted a rule that governs the release of this type of information. Therefore, the submitted information is generally confidential pursuant to section 261.201(a) of the Family Code. *See Open Records Decision No. 440 at 2 (1986) (predecessor statute).*

However, the requestor is with the Texas Board of Nursing (the "board"), and the arrestee at issue in the submitted information may be an applicant for or a holder of a license from the board. Section 261.201 provides information encompassed by subsection (a) may be disclosed "for purposes consistent with [the Family Code] and applicable federal or state law." Fam. Code § 261.201(a). Chapter 411 of the Government Code constitutes "applicable state law" in this instance. Section 411.125 of the Government Code provides the following:

[The board] is entitled to obtain from the [Department of Public Safety ("DPS")] criminal history record information [{"CHRI"}] maintained by [DPS] that relates to a person who:

- (1) is an applicant for or the holder of a license issued by the board;
- (2) has requested a determination of eligibility for a license from the board; or
- (3) is subject to investigation by the board in connection with a complaint or formal charge against the person.

Gov't Code § 411.125. In addition, section 411.087(a)(2) of the Government Code reads as follows:

(a) [A] person, agency, department, political subdivision, or other entity that is authorized by this subchapter to obtain from [DPS CHRI] maintained by [DPS] that relates to another person is authorized to:

...

(2) obtain from any other criminal justice agency in this state [CHRI] maintained by that criminal justice agency that relates to that person.

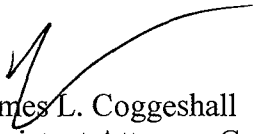
Id. § 411.087(a)(2). CHRI is defined as “information collected about a person by a criminal justice agency that consists of identifiable descriptions and notations of arrests, detentions, indictments, informations, and other formal criminal charges and their dispositions.” *Id.* § 411.082(2). A statutory right of access prevails over the Act’s general exceptions to public disclosure, including section 552.108 of the Government Code. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 613 at 4 (1993) (exceptions in Act cannot impinge on statutory right of access to information), 451 (1986) (specific statutory right of access provisions overcome general exception to disclosure under the Act). Thus, under sections 411.087 and 411.125, the requestor may have a right of access to CHRI about the arrestee that is contained in the records of the district attorney’s office. However, we are unable to determine whether release of the CHRI is consistent with the Family Code or if the arrestee meets any of the criteria of section 411.125. Accordingly, if the district attorney’s office determines (1) release of the CHRI is consistent with the Family Code and (2) the arrestee is an applicant for a license from the board, a holder of a license from the board, has requested a determination of eligibility for a license from the board, or is subject to investigation by the board in connection with a complaint or formal charge, then the district attorney’s office must release the arrestee’s CHRI, but withhold the remaining information under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 261.201(a) of the Family Code. However, if the district attorney’s office determines either release of the CHRI is not consistent with the Family Code or the arrestee does not meet any of the criteria of section 411.125, then the district attorney’s office must withhold the submitted information in its entirety under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 261.201(a) of the Family Code.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at <https://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open-government/members-public/what-expect-after-ruling-issued> or call the OAG’s Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable

charges for providing public information under the Public Information Act may be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the OAG, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,



James L. Coggeshall
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

JLC/be

Ref: ID# 816015

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)