



KEN PAXTON
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

February 18, 2020

Mr. Daniel D. Jones
City Attorney
City of Fredericksburg
126 West Main Street
Fredericksburg, Texas 78624-3708

OR2020-04966

Dear Mr. Jones:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 812160.

The City of Fredericksburg (the "city") received a request for the personnel file of a named former city employee. You state the city released some information to the requestor. You claim the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code.¹ We have considered the claimed exception and reviewed the submitted representative sample of information.²

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from public disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. Section 552.101 encompasses the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (the "FCRA"), 15 U.S.C. § 1681 *et seq.* Section 1681b of the FCRA permits

¹ We note, and you acknowledge, the city did not comply with the requirements of section 552.301 of the Government Code in requesting a ruling from this office. *See* Gov't Code § 552.301(b), (e). Nonetheless, because section 552.101 of the Government Code can provide a compelling reason to overcome the presumption of openness, we will consider its applicability to the submitted information. *See id.* §§ 552.007, .302, .352.

² We assume the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach, and therefore does not authorize the withholding of, any other requested records to the extent that those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

a consumer reporting agency to furnish a consumer report to a person the consumer reporting agency has reason to believe intends to use the information for employment purposes. *See* 15 U.S.C. § 1681b(a)(3)(B); *see also id.* § 1681a(b), (d) (defining “person” and “consumer report”). Section 1681b further provides “[a] person shall not use or obtain a consumer report for any purpose unless . . . the consumer report is obtained for a purpose for which the consumer report is authorized to be furnished under this section; and . . . the purpose is certified in accordance with section 1681e of this title by a prospective user of the report through a general or specific certification.” *Id.* § 1681b(f). Section 1681e provides for the maintenance of procedures by consumer reporting agencies under which prospective users of consumer reports must identify themselves, certify the purposes for which they seek information, and certify that the information will be used for no other purpose. *See id.* § 1681e(a); *see also* Open Records Decision No. 373 at 2 (1983) (stating that federal law strictly limits distribution of consumer credit reports by credit reporting agencies). You assert Exhibit C consists of a consumer credit report furnished to the city for the purposes of section 1681b of the FCRA. Upon review, we agree the information at issue consists of a consumer report furnished to the city by a consumer agency for purposes of section 1681b of the FCRA. We note the FCRA does not permit the disclosure of information in a consumer report for the purpose of responding to a request for information under the Act. Accordingly, the city must withhold Exhibit C under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with the FCRA.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code also encompasses information protected by other statutes, such as section 1703.306 of the Occupations Code, which provides the following:

(a) A polygraph examiner, trainee, or employee of a polygraph examiner, or a person for whom a polygraph examination is conducted or an employee of the person, may not disclose information acquired from a polygraph examination to another person other than:

- (1) the examinee or any other person specifically designated in writing by the examinee;
- (2) the person that requested the examination;
- (3) a member, or the member’s agent, of a governmental agency that licenses a polygraph examiner or supervises or controls a polygraph examiner’s activities;
- (4) another polygraph examiner in private consultation; or
- (5) any other person required by due process of law.

(b) The [Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation] or any other governmental agency that acquires information from a polygraph examination under this section shall maintain the confidentiality of the

information.

(c) A polygraph examiner to whom information acquired from a polygraph examination is disclosed under Subsection (a)(4) may not disclose the information except as provided by this section.

Occ. Code § 1703.306. Upon review, we agree Exhibit D constitutes information that was acquired from a polygraph examination and is, therefore, within the scope of section 1703.306. It does not appear the requestor falls into any of the categories of individuals who are authorized to receive the polygraph information under section 1703.306(a). Accordingly, the city must withhold Exhibit D under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 1703.306 of the Occupations Code.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code also encompasses section 611.002 of the Health and Safety Code, which provides, in part, the following:

(a) Communications between a patient and a professional, and records of the identity, diagnosis, evaluation, or treatment of a patient that are created or maintained by a professional, are confidential.

(b) Confidential communications or records may not be disclosed except as provided by Section 611.004 or 611.0045.

Health & Safety Code § 611.002(a)-(b); *see id.* § 611.001 (defining “patient” and “professional”). Upon review, we agree Exhibit E consists of mental health records that are subject to chapter 611 of the Health and Safety Code. Accordingly, the city must withhold Exhibit E under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 611.002 of the Health and Safety Code.

In summary, the city must withhold: (1) Exhibit C under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with the FCRA; (2) Exhibit D under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 1703.306 of the Occupations Code; and (3) Exhibit E under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 611.002 of the Health and Safety Code.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at <https://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open-government/members-public/what-expect-after-ruling-issued> or call the OAG’s Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable

charges for providing public information under the Public Information Act may be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the OAG, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "James M. Graham". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name being the most prominent.

James M. Graham
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

JMG/mo

Ref: ID# 812160

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)