



KEN PAXTON
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

December 9, 2019

Mr. Thomas Royce Hansen
Assistant City Attorney
City of Fort Worth
200 Texas Street, Third Floor
Fort Worth, Texas 76102

OR2019-34591

Dear Mr. Hansen:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 800269 (W090888).

The City of Fort Worth (the "city") received a request for information pertaining to a specified case and a named individual. You state you released some information. We understand you are withholding e-mail addresses of members of the public under section 552.137 of the Government Code pursuant to Open Records Decision No. 684 (2009).¹ You claim some of the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code. We have reviewed the submitted information and considered the submitted arguments.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. This section encompasses information protected by other statutes, such as section 21.305 of the Labor Code. You state the submitted information was compiled by the city's Human Relations Commission (the "unit") in the course of its investigation of

¹ Open Records Decision No. 684 is a previous determination to all governmental bodies authorizing them to withhold certain information, including an e-mail address of a member of the public under section 552.137 of the Government Code, without the necessity of requesting an attorney general decision.

an employment discrimination claim filed under section 21.201 of the Labor Code. *See* Lab. Code § 21.201 (person claiming to be aggrieved by unlawful employment practice or person's agent may file complaint with Texas Workforce Commission ("TWC")). You state the unit was created under chapter 21 of the Labor Code. *See id.* § 21.152 (providing for creation of local commissions). You also explain, pursuant to chapter 21, both the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission and the TWC have deferred jurisdiction to hear complaints to the unit. *See id.* § 21.154 (authorizing deferral of jurisdiction to local commissions); *see also* 40 T.A.C. § 819.76 (authorizing workshare agreements between the TWC and local commissions). Thus, under section 21.152 of the Labor Code, the unit is a local agency authorized to investigate and resolve complaints of employment discrimination. *See* Lab. Code §§ 21.154 (authorizing local commission to which complaint is referred or jurisdiction is deferred to receive, investigate, conciliate, or rule on complaint), .204 (relating to investigation of complaints by the TWC). Section 21.304 of the Labor Code, which relates to public release of information obtained by the TWC, provides, "[a]n officer or employee of the [TWC] may not disclose to the public information obtained by the [TWC] under Section 21.204 except in compliance with Section 21.305 and as necessary to the conduct of a proceeding under this chapter." *Id.* § 21.304. The submitted information pertains to a complaint of unlawful employment discrimination. You state the requestor is a party to the complaint filed under section 21.201 of the Labor Code. Section 21.305 of the Labor Code concerns the release of records to a party to a complaint filed under section 21.201 of the Labor Code and provides as follows:

(a) Except as provided by Subsection (c), the [TWC] shall adopt rules allowing a party to a complaint filed under Section 21.201 reasonable access to [TWC] records relating to the complaint.

(b) Except as provided by Subsection (c), unless the complaint is resolved through a voluntary settlement or conciliation, on the written request of a party the executive director shall allow the party access to the [TWC] records:

(1) after the final action of the [TWC]; or

(2) if a civil action relating to the complaint is filed in federal court alleging a violation of federal law.

(c) Notwithstanding Section 552.023, Government Code, the following information is not considered public information for the purposes of [the Act], and may not be disclosed to a party to a complaint filed under Section 21.201:

(1) identifying information of persons other than the parties and witnesses to the complaint;

(2) identifying information about confidential witnesses, including any confidential statement given by the witness;

(3) sensitive medical information about the charging party or a witness to the complaint that is:

(A) provided by a person other than the person requesting the information; and

(B) not relevant to issues raised in the complaint, including information that identifies injuries, impairments, pregnancies, disabilities, or other medical conditions that are not obviously apparent or visible;

(4) identifying information about a person other than the charging party that is found in sensitive medical information regardless of whether the information is relevant to the complaint;

(5) nonsensitive medical information that is relevant to the complaint if the disclosure would result in an invasion of personal privacy, unless the information is generally known or has been previously reported to the public;

(6) identifying information about other respondents or employers not a party to the complaint;

(7) information relating to settlement offers or conciliation agreements received from one party that was not conveyed to the other and information contained in a separate alternative dispute resolution file prepared for mediation purposes; and

(8) identifying information about a person on whose behalf a complaint was filed if the person has requested that the person's identity as a complaining party remain confidential.

(d) In this section, "identifying information" has the meaning assigned by Section 32.51, Penal Code.

Id. § 21.305. You state final agency action has been taken in this case. Further, you do not state the complaint was resolved through a voluntary settlement or conciliation agreement. Pursuant to section 21.305, the requestor generally has a right of access to the unit's records relating to the complaint. We note, however, subsection 21.305(c) identifies eight

categories of information not considered public information for the purposes of the Act and which may not be disclosed to a party to a complaint filed under section 21.201. *Id.* § 21.305(c). Upon review, we find the city must withhold most of the information it marked under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 21.305(c) of the Labor Code. However, we find the city has failed to demonstrate the applicability of section 21.305(c) of the Labor Code to the information we have marked for release and the city may not withhold it under section 552.101 of the Government Code on that basis. Accordingly, except for the information we have marked for release, the city must withhold the information it marked under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 21.305(c) of the Labor Code.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code also encompasses the doctrine of common-law privacy, which protects information that is (1) highly intimate or embarrassing, the publication of which would be highly objectionable to a reasonable person, and (2) not of legitimate concern to the public. *Indus. Found. v. Tex. Indus. Accident Bd.*, 540 S.W.2d 668, 685 (Tex. 1976). To demonstrate the applicability of common-law privacy, both prongs of this test must be satisfied. *Id.* at 681-82. Types of information considered intimate and embarrassing by the Texas Supreme Court are delineated in *Industrial Foundation*. *Id.* at 683. Additionally, this office has concluded some kinds of medical information are generally highly intimate or embarrassing. *See* Open Records Decision No. 455 (1987).

Upon review, we find the city has failed to demonstrate the remaining information is highly intimate or embarrassing and not of legitimate public interest. Therefore, the city may not withhold any portion of the remaining information under section 552.101 in conjunction with common-law privacy.

In summary, except for the information we have marked for release, the city must withhold the information it marked under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 21.305(c) of the Labor Code. The remaining information must be released.²

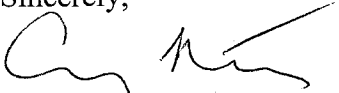
This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at <https://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open->

² As discussed above, the requestor has a special right of access to the information being released. *See* Lab. Code § 21.305(b). If the city receives another request for this information from a different requestor, then the city should again seek a decision from this office. *See* Gov't Code §§ 552.301, .302; Open Records Decision No. 673 (2001).

government/members-public/what-expect-after-ruling-issued or call the OAG's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Public Information Act may be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the OAG, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,



Cindy Nettles
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

CN/mo

Ref: ID# 800269

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)