



KEN PAXTON
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

December 6, 2017

Mr. William T. Little
Assistant County & District Attorney
Ellis County
109 South Jackson
Waxahachie, Texas 75165

OR2017-27707

Dear Mr. Little:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 686727.

The Ellis County Sheriff's Office (the "sheriff's office") received a request for information pertaining to a named individual from a specified time, including information pertaining to a specified arrest. You claim some of the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101, 552.117, 552.130, and 552.147 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. This section encompasses information protected by other statutes, such as section 560.003 of the Government Code. Section 560.003 provides "[a] biometric identifier in the possession of a governmental body is exempt from disclosure under [the Act]." *Id.* § 560.003; *see also id.* §§ 560.001(1) (defining "biometric identifier" to include fingerprints), .002(1)(A) (governmental body may not sell, lease, or otherwise disclose individual's biometric identifier to another person unless individual consents to disclosure). Therefore, the sheriff's office must withhold the fingerprints you marked under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 560.003 of the Government Code.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code also encompasses laws that make criminal history record information (“CHRI”) confidential. CHRI generated by the National Crime Information Center (the “NCIC”) or by the Texas Crime Information Center is confidential under federal and state law. CHRI means “information collected about a person by a criminal justice agency that consists of identifiable descriptions and notations of arrests, detentions, indictments, informations, and other formal criminal charges and their dispositions.” *Id.* § 411.082(2). Title 28, part 20 of the Code of Federal Regulations governs the release of CHRI obtained from the NCIC network or other states. *See* 28 C.F.R. § 20.21. The federal regulations allow each state to follow its individual law with respect to CHRI it generates. Open Records Decision No. 565 at 7 (1990). *See generally* Gov’t Code §§ 411.081-.1409. Section 411.083 of the Government Code deems confidential CHRI the Texas Department of Public Safety (“DPS”) maintains, except DPS may disseminate this information as provided in chapter 411, subchapter E-1 or F of the Government Code. *See* Gov’t Code § 411.083(a). Sections 411.083(b)(1) and 411.089(a) authorize a criminal justice agency to obtain CHRI; however, a criminal justice agency may not release CHRI except to another criminal justice agency for a criminal justice purpose. *Id.* § 411.089(b)(1). Other entities specified in chapter 411 of the Government Code are entitled to obtain CHRI from DPS or another criminal justice agency; however, those entities may not release CHRI except as provided by chapter 411. *See generally id.* §§ 411.090-.127. Thus, any CHRI generated by the federal government or another state may not be made available to the requestor except in accordance with federal regulations. *See* ORD 565. However, section 411.083 does not apply to active warrant information or other information relating to one’s current involvement with the criminal justice system. *See* Gov’t Code § 411.081(b) (police department allowed to disclose information pertaining to person’s current involvement in criminal justice system). We also note the term CHRI does not include driving record information. *See id.* § 411.082(2)(B). Upon review, we find you have not demonstrated any of the remaining information constitutes confidential CHRI for the purposes of chapter 411. Accordingly, the sheriff’s office may not withhold any of the remaining information under section 552.101 on this basis.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code also encompasses the doctrine of common-law privacy, which protects information that is (1) highly intimate or embarrassing, the publication of which would be highly objectionable to a reasonable person, and (2) not of legitimate concern to the public. *Indus. Found. v. Tex. Indus. Accident Bd.*, 540 S.W.2d 668, 685 (Tex. 1976). To demonstrate the applicability of common-law privacy, both prongs of this test must be satisfied. *Id.* at 681-82. Types of information considered intimate and embarrassing by the Texas Supreme Court are delineated in *Industrial Foundation*. *Id.* at 683. The court of appeals has concluded public citizens’ dates of birth are protected by common-law privacy pursuant to section 552.101. *See Paxton v. City of Dallas*, No. 03-13-00546-CV, 2015 WL 3394061, at *3 (Tex. App.—Austin May 22, 2015, pet. denied) (mem. op.). Thus, the sheriff’s office must withhold the public citizen’s date of birth under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy. However, we find you have failed to demonstrate the remaining information you

marked is highly intimate or embarrassing and not of legitimate public concern. Therefore, the sheriff's office may not withhold the remaining information you marked under section 552.101 of the Government Code on that basis.

Section 552.130 of the Government Code provides information relating to a motor vehicle operator's license, driver's license, motor vehicle title or registration, or personal identification document issued by an agency of this state or another state or country is excepted from public release. *See* Gov't Code § 552.130. Accordingly, the sheriff's office must withhold the motor vehicle record information we marked under section 552.130 of the Government Code. However, we find you have failed to demonstrate the remaining information at issue is subject to section 552.130. Thus, the sheriff's office may not withhold the remaining information at issue under section 552.130.

Section 552.147 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure the social security number of a living person. *Id.* § 552.147(a). Upon review, we find the sheriff's office may withhold the social security number you marked under section 552.147 of the Government Code.¹ However, upon review, we find none of the remaining information is subject to section 552.147 of the Government Code, and the sheriff's office may not withhold any of the remaining information on that basis.

Section 552.117(a)(1) of the Government Code excepts from disclosure the home address and telephone number, emergency contact information, social security number, and family member information of a current or former employee or official of a governmental body who requests this information be kept confidential under section 552.024 of the Government Code. *See id.* § 552.117(a)(1). We note section 552.117 applies only to information that a governmental body holds in an employment context. The submitted information consists of law enforcement records and, thus, we find the sheriff's office does not maintain it in an employment capacity. Further, we find none of the information at issue consists of information that is subject to section 552.117. Accordingly, the sheriff's office may not withhold any of the remaining information under section 552.117(a)(1) of the Government Code.

In summary, the sheriff's office must withhold the fingerprints you marked under section 552.101 in conjunction with section 560.003 of the Government Code. The sheriff's office must withhold the public citizen's date of birth under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy. The sheriff's office must withhold the motor vehicle record information we have marked under section 552.130 of the Government Code. The sheriff's office may withhold the social security number you marked under section 552.147 of the Government Code. The sheriff's office must release the remaining information.

¹As our ruling is dispositive, we need not address your remaining argument against disclosure of this information.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl_ruling_info.shtml, or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act may be directed to the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,



Matthew Taylor
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

MHT/tdw

Ref: ID# 686727

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)