



**KEN PAXTON**  
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

November 16, 2017

Ms. Judith N. Benton  
Assistant City Attorney  
City of Waco  
P.O. Box 2570  
Waco, Texas 76702-2570

OR2017-26194

Dear Ms. Benton:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 685427 (Waco Reference No. LGL 17-141).

The Waco Police Department (the "department") received a request for information pertaining to a named individual, including information pertaining to a specified arrest. You claim the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code.<sup>1</sup> We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted representative sample of information.<sup>2</sup>

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. This

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<sup>1</sup>We note the department did not comply with section 552.301 of the Government Code in requesting a ruling from this office. *See* Gov't Code § 552.301(b). Nonetheless, because section 552.101 of the Government Code can provide a compelling reason to overcome the presumption of openness, we will consider its applicability to the submitted information. *See id.* §§ 552.007, .302, .352.

<sup>2</sup>We assume the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach, and therefore does not authorize the withholding of, any other requested records to the extent those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

section encompasses information protected by other statutes, such as section 261.201 of the Family Code, which provides, in part, as follows:

(a) [T]he following information is confidential, is not subject to public release under Chapter 552, Government Code, and may be disclosed only for purposes consistent with this code and applicable federal or state law or under rules adopted by an investigating agency:

(1) a report of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect made under this chapter and the identity of the person making the report; and

(2) except as otherwise provided in this section, the files, reports, records, communications, audiotapes, videotapes, and working papers used or developed in an investigation under this chapter or in providing services as a result of an investigation.

Fam. Code § 261.201(a). Upon review, we agree the submitted information was used or developed in an investigation of alleged or suspected child abuse. *See id.* §§ 101.003(a) (defining “child” for purposes of this section as person under 18 years of age who is not and has not been married or who has not had the disabilities of minority removed for general purposes), 261.001(1) (defining “abuse” for purposes of chapter 261 of the Family Code). Accordingly, we find this information is subject to chapter 261 of the Family Code. We have no indication the department has adopted a rule that governs the release of this type of information. Therefore, we assume no such regulation exists. Given that assumption, we conclude the submitted information is generally confidential pursuant to section 261.201 of the Family Code. *See* Open Records Decision No. 440 at 2 (1986) (predecessor statute). However, section 261.201(a) provides information encompassed by subsection (a) may be disclosed “for purposes consistent with [the Family Code] and applicable federal or state law.” Fam. Code § 261.201(a).

We note, and the department acknowledges, the requestor identifies herself as an investigator for the Texas Medical Board (the “board”). Section 153.006(a) of the Occupations Code, which constitutes applicable state law, provides “[t]he board may receive criminal record reports from any law enforcement agency or another source regarding a license holder or license applicant.” Occ. Code § 153.006(a). In this instance, the board seeks access to criminal records pertaining to a license holder. If the department determines the release of this information would not be for purposes consistent with the Family Code, then the board does not have a right of access to this information and it must be withheld in its entirety under section 552.101 in conjunction with section 261.201(a) of the Family Code. However, if the department determines the release of the submitted information would be for purposes consistent with the Family Code, then it generally must release the information to the board pursuant to section 153.006(a).

We note portions of the submitted information contain motor vehicle record information subject to section 552.130 of the Government Code.<sup>3</sup> Section 552.130 provides information relating to a motor vehicle operator's or driver's license or permit issued by an agency of this state or another state or country is excepted from public release. Gov't Code § 552.130(a)(1). Accordingly, we find the motor vehicle record information we have marked is generally confidential under section 552.130 of the Government Code.

Thus, there is a conflict between the confidentiality provided by section 552.130 of the Government Code and the right of access provided by section 153.006 of the Occupations Code. A statutory right of access prevails over the Act's general exceptions to disclosure. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 613 at 4 (1993) (exceptions in Act cannot impinge on statutory right of access to information), 451 (1986) (specific statutory right of access provisions overcome general exceptions to disclosure under Act). However, because section 552.130 has its own access provisions, we conclude section 552.130 is not a general exception under the Act. *See* Gov't Code § 552.130(b) (information described by section 552.130(a) may only be released in manner authorized by chapter 730 of Transportation Code). Where general and specific statutes are in irreconcilable conflict, the specific provision typically prevails as an exception to the general provision, unless the general provision was enacted later and there is clear evidence the legislature intended the general provision to prevail. *See id.* § 311.026(b); *City of Lake Dallas v. Lake Cities Mun. Util. Auth.*, 555 S.W.2d 163, 168 (Tex. Civ. App.—Fort Worth 1977, writ ref'd n.r.e.). Although section 153.006 provides the board access to criminal record reports regarding a license holder or license applicant, section 552.130 of the Government Code specifically protects motor vehicle record information. Furthermore, section 552.130 of the Government Code was enacted later than section 153.006. *See* Act of Aug. 5, 1981, 67th Leg., 1st C.S., ch. 1, § 1, 1981 Tex. Gen. Laws 1, 7 (enacting statutory predecessor to section 153.006); Act of June 20, 1997, 75th Leg., R.S., ch. 1187 § 4, 1997 Tex. Gen. Laws 4575, 4580 (enacting section 552.130). We therefore conclude, notwithstanding section 153.006, the department must withhold the motor vehicle record information we have marked under section 552.130 of the Government Code.

In summary, if the department determines the release of the submitted information would not be for purposes consistent with the Family Code, then the department must withhold the submitted information in its entirety under section 552.101 in conjunction with section 261.201(a) of the Family Code. In the event the department determines the release of the submitted information would be for purposes consistent with the Family Code, the department withhold the motor vehicle record information we have marked under section 552.130 of the Government Code and release the remaining information.


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<sup>3</sup>The Office of the Attorney General will raise mandatory exceptions on behalf of a governmental body but ordinarily will not raise other exceptions. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 481 (1987), 480 (1987), 470 (1987).

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at [http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl\\_ruling\\_info.shtml](http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl_ruling_info.shtml), or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act may be directed to the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,



Kenny Moreland  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

KJM/eb

Ref: ID# 685427

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor  
(w/o enclosures)