



KEN PAXTON
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

April 18, 2017

Mr. James Powell
Assistant General Counsel
North Central Texas Council of Governments
P.O. Box 5888
Arlington, Texas 76005-5888

OR2017-08140

Dear Mr. Powell:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 653985.

The North Central Texas Council of Governments (the "council") received a request for all proposals, bid price summary sheets, and scoring for all bids submitted in response to the council's Traffic Count and Classification Program Request for Proposals, as well as an explanation for the requestor's company not being selected. You state the council has released some information. Although you take no position as to whether the submitted information is excepted under the Act, you state release of this information may implicate the proprietary interests of GRAM Traffic North Texas, Inc. ("GRAM"). Accordingly, you state, and provide documentation showing, you notified GRAM of the request for information and of its right to submit arguments to this office as to why the information at issue should not be released. *See* Gov't Code § 552.305(d); *see also* Open Records Decision No. 542 (1990) (statutory predecessor to section 552.305 permits governmental body to rely on interested third party to raise and explain applicability of exception in the Act in certain circumstances). We have received comments from GRAM. We have considered the submitted arguments and reviewed the submitted information.

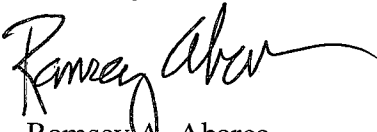
Section 552.104(a) of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information that, if released, would give advantage to a competitor or bidder." Gov't Code § 552.104(a). A private third party may invoke this exception. *Boeing Co. v. Paxton*, 466 S.W.3d 831

(Tex. 2015). The “test under section 552.104 is whether knowing another bidder’s [or competitor’s information] would be an advantage, not whether it would be a decisive advantage.” *Id.* at 841. GRAM states it has competitors. In addition, GRAM states release of its information would give an advantage to its competitors. After review of the information at issue and consideration of the arguments, we find GRAM has established the release of the information at issue would give advantage to a competitor or bidder. Thus, we conclude the council may withhold the submitted information under section 552.104(a) of the Government Code.¹

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl_ruling_info.shtml, or call the Office of the Attorney General’s Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act may be directed to the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,



Ramsey A. Abarca
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

RAA/bw

Ref: ID# 653985

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)

Third Party
(w/o enclosures)

¹As our ruling is dispositive, we need not address the remaining arguments against disclosure of this information.