



**KEN PAXTON**  
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

November 21, 2016

Mr. Sterling Harmon  
Assistant Criminal District Attorney  
County of McLennan  
219 North 6<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 200  
Waco, Texas 76701

OR2016-25856

Dear Mr. Harmon:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 635499.

The McLennan County District Attorney's Office (the "district attorney's office") received a request for information pertaining to a specified incident. You claim the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101 and 552.108 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted representative sample of information.<sup>1</sup>

Section 552.108(a)(1) of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "[i]nformation held by a law enforcement agency or prosecutor that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime . . . if . . . release of the information would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime[.]" Gov't Code § 552.108(a)(1). Generally, a governmental body claiming section 552.108(a)(1) must explain how and why the release of the requested information would interfere with law enforcement. *See id.*

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<sup>1</sup>We assume that the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach, and therefore does not authorize the withholding of, any other requested records to the extent that those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

§§ 552.108(a)(1), .301(e)(1)(A); *see also Ex parte Pruitt*, 551 S.W.2d 706 (Tex. 1977). You state the submitted information pertains to pending criminal investigations and prosecutions. You state there are over 100 people facing criminal prosecution in these investigations. You further state approximately 60 people were arrested as a result of the specified incident but were released without charges. However, we understand the information relating to the 60 individuals not charged is too intertwined with the pending investigations to separate the records. Based upon your representation and our review, we conclude that the release of the information at issue would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime. *See Houston Chronicle Publ'g Co. v. City of Houston*, 531 S.W.2d 177 (Tex. Civ. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] 1975) (court delineates law enforcement interests that are present in active cases), *writ ref'd n.r.e. per curiam*, 536 S.W.2d 559 (Tex. 1976). Thus, section 552.108(a)(1) is applicable to the information at issue.

However, we note, basic information about an arrested person, an arrest, or a crime is not excepted from disclosure under section 552.108. Gov't Code § 552.108(c). Such basic information refers to the information held to be public in *Houston Chronicle*. *See* 531 S.W.2d at 186-8; *see also* Open Records Decision No. 127 (1976) (summarizing types of information deemed public by *Houston Chronicle*). Thus, with the exception of basic information, the district attorney's office may withhold the submitted information under section 552.108(a)(1) of the Government Code.<sup>2</sup>

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure “information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision.” Gov't Code § 552.101. Section 552.101 encompasses article 20.02(a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, which provides “[t]he proceedings of the grand jury shall be secret.” Crim. Proc. Code art. 20.02(a). Article 20.02, however, does not define “proceedings” for purposes of subsection (a). The Fourth Court of Appeals in *In re Reed* addressed the issue of what constitutes “proceedings” for purposes of article 20.02(a) and stated the term “proceedings” could “reasonably be understood as encompassing matters that take place before the grand jury, such as witness testimony and deliberations.” *See In re Reed*, 227 S.W.3d 273, 276 (Tex. App.—San Antonio 2007, orig. proceeding). Upon review, we find you have not demonstrated the basic information reveals grand jury testimony or deliberations of the grand jury. Therefore, we conclude the district attorney's office may not withhold any of the basic information under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with article 20.02 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

In summary, with the exception of basic information, the district attorney's office may withhold the submitted information under section 552.108(a)(1) of the Government Code.

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<sup>2</sup>As our ruling is dispositive, we need not address your remaining arguments against disclosure of this information.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at [http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl\\_ruling\\_info.shtml](http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl_ruling_info.shtml), or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act may be directed to the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,



Paige Lay  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

PL/som

Ref: ID# 635499

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor  
(w/o enclosures)