



KEN PAXTON
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

August 18, 2016

Mr. Ignacio Perez
Assistant City Attorney for the City of Nolanville
Bojorquez Law Firm, P.C.
12325 Hymeadow Drive, Suite 2-100
Austin, Texas 78750

OR2016-18664

Dear Mr. Perez:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 624143.

The City of Nolanville (the "city"), which you represent, received a request for information pertaining to a specified investigation conducted by the city lawyer. You state the city will release some responsive information. You claim the requested information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101 and 552.107 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Initially, we note the requestor states he is "not requesting information from [a specified] closed/executive session." Therefore, information from the closed/executive session is not responsive to the present request. This ruling does not address the public availability of any information that is not responsive to the request and the city is not required to release such information in response to this request.¹

Next, we note some of the submitted information consists of a completed report subject to section 552.022(a)(1) of the Government Code. Section 552.022(a)(1) provides for the required disclosure of "a completed report, audit, evaluation, or investigation made of, for, or by a governmental body," unless it is excepted by section 552.108 of the Government

¹As we are able to reach this conclusion, we do not address your argument to withhold this information.

Code or made confidential under the Act or other law. Gov't Code § 552.022(a)(1). You raise section 552.107 of the Government Code for this information. However, section 552.107 does not make information confidential under the Act. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 676 at 10-11 (attorney-client privilege under Gov't Code § 552.107(1) may be waived), 665 at 2 n.5 (2000) (discretionary exceptions generally), 663 at 5 (1999) (waiver of discretionary exceptions). Accordingly, the city may not withhold the information at issue under section 552.107 of the Government Code. Nevertheless, section 552.107 encompasses the attorney-client privilege, which is found at rule 503 of the Texas Rules of Evidence. The Texas Supreme Court has held the Texas Rules of Evidence are "other law" within the meaning of section 552.022. *See In re City of Georgetown*, 53 S.W.3d 328 (Tex. 2001). Therefore, we will consider the applicability of rule 503 for the completed report subject to section 552.022(a)(1). Additionally, we will consider your argument under section 552.107 for the information not subject to section 552.022(a)(1).

Texas Rule of Evidence 503(b)(1) provides:

A client has a privilege to refuse to disclose and to prevent any other person from disclosing confidential communications made to facilitate the rendition of professional legal services to the client:

- (A) between the client or the client's representative and the client's lawyer or the lawyer's representative;
- (B) between the client's lawyer and the lawyer's representative;
- (C) by the client, the client's representative, the client's lawyer, or the lawyer's representative to a lawyer representing another party in a pending action or that lawyer's representative, if the communications concern a matter of common interest in the pending action;
- (D) between the client's representatives or between the client and the client's representative; or
- (E) among lawyers and their representatives representing the same client.

TEX. R. EVID. 503(b)(1). A communication is "confidential" if not intended to be disclosed to third persons other than those to whom disclosure is made to further the rendition of professional legal services to the client or reasonably necessary to transmit the communication. *Id.* 503(a)(5).

Accordingly, in order to withhold attorney-client privileged information from disclosure under rule 503, a governmental body must 1) show that the document is a communication

transmitted between privileged parties or reveals a confidential communication; 2) identify the parties involved in the communication; and 3) show that the communication is confidential by explaining that it was not intended to be disclosed to third persons and that it was made in furtherance of the rendition of professional legal services to the client. *See* ORD 676. Upon a demonstration of all three factors, the entire communication is confidential under rule 503, provided the client has not waived the privilege or the communication does not fall within the purview of the exceptions to the privilege enumerated in rule 503(d). *Huie v. DeShazo*, 922 S.W.2d 920, 923 (Tex. 1996) (privilege extends to entire communication, including facts contained therein); *In re Valero Energy Corp.*, 973 S.W.2d 453, 457 (Tex. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] 1998, orig. proceeding) (privilege attaches to complete communication, including factual information).

You assert the information subject to section 552.022(a)(1) consists of a privileged attorney-client communication. You explain the information at issue was communicated between city attorneys for the purpose of facilitating the rendition of professional legal services to the city. You state the information at issue was intended to be confidential and was not disclosed to non-privileged parties. Based on your representations and our review, we find the information subject to section 552.022(a)(1) consists of a communication protected by the attorney-client privilege. Accordingly, the city may withhold the information subject to section 552.022(a)(1) of the Government Code under rule 503 of the Texas Rules of Evidence.

Next, we address the information not subject to section 552.022 of the Government Code. Section 552.107(1) of the Government Code protects information coming within the attorney-client privilege. The elements of the privilege under section 552.107(1) are the same as those discussed above for rule 503. When asserting the attorney-client privilege, a governmental body has the burden of providing the necessary facts to demonstrate the elements of the privilege in order to withhold the information at issue. ORD 676 at 6-7. Section 552.107(1) generally excepts an entire communication that is demonstrated to be protected by the attorney-client privilege unless otherwise waived by the governmental body. *See Huie v. DeShazo*, 922 S.W.2d 920, 923 (Tex. 1996) (privilege extends to entire communication, including facts contained therein).

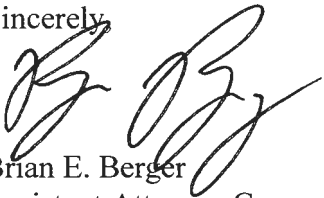
You state the remaining information constitutes communications between city attorneys, city officials, and city employees that were made for the purpose of facilitating the rendition of professional legal services to the city. You also state the communications were intended to be confidential and have remained confidential. Based on your representations and our review, we find the city may withhold the remaining information under section 552.107(1) of the Government Code.

In summary, the city may withhold the information subject to section 552.022(a)(1) of the Government Code under rule 503 of the Texas Rules of Evidence. The city may withhold the remaining information under section 552.107(1) of the Government Code.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl_ruling_info.shtml, or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act may be directed to the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "B. Berger", written over a horizontal line.

Brian E. Berger
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

BB/akg

Ref: ID#624143

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)