



**KEN PAXTON**  
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

This ruling has been modified by court action.  
The ruling and judgment can be viewed in PDF  
format below.



**KEN PAXTON**  
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

February 11, 2016

**The ruling you have requested has been amended as a result of litigation and has been attached to this document.**

Ms. Melisa E. Meyler  
Counsel for Irving Independent School District  
Thompson & Horton LLP  
Phoenix Tower, Suite 2000  
3200 Southwest Freeway  
Houston, Texas 77027-7554

OR2016-03385

Dear Ms. Meyler:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 597951.

The Irving Independent School District (the "district"), which you represent, received a request for any inquiry from the United States Department of Justice (the "DOJ") pertaining to a named individual. You claim the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.103 and 552.114 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

The United States Department of Education Family Policy Compliance Office (the "DOE") has informed this office the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act ("FERPA"), 20 U.S.C. § 1232g, does not permit state and local educational authorities to disclose to this office, without parental consent, unredacted, personally identifiable information contained in education records for the purpose of our review in the open records ruling process under the Act.<sup>1</sup> Consequently, state and local educational authorities that receive a request for education records from a member of the public under the Act must not submit education records to this office in unredacted form, that is, in a form in which "personally identifiable

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<sup>1</sup>A copy of this letter may be found on the Office of the Attorney General's website: <http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/20060725usdoe.pdf>.

information” is disclosed. *See* 34 C.F.R. § 99.3 (defining “personally identifiable information”). You claim the submitted information is protected by FERPA and have submitted unredacted education records for our review. Because our office is prohibited from reviewing these records to determine the applicability of FERPA, we will not address its applicability to any of the responsive information. Such determinations under FERPA must be made by the district. Likewise, we do not address your argument under section 552.114 of the Government Code. *See* Gov’t Code §§ 552.026 (incorporating FERPA into Act), 114 (excepting from disclosure “student records”); Open Records Decision No. 539 (1990) (determining same analysis applies under section 552.114 of Government Code and FERPA). However, we will address your remaining arguments against disclosure of the submitted information.

The district asserts the responsive information is protected by section 552(b)(7) of title 5 of the United States Code, the Freedom of Information Act (“FOIA”). We note FOIA is applicable to information held by an agency of the federal government. In this instance, the information at issue is held by the district, which is subject to the laws of the State of Texas. *See* Attorney General Opinion MW-95 (1979) (FOIA exceptions apply to federal agencies, not to state agencies); Open Records Decision Nos. 496 (1988), 124 (1976); *see also Davidson v. Georgia*, 622 F.2d 895, 897 (5th Cir. 1980) (state governments are not subject to FOIA); Open Records Decision No. 561 at 7 n.3 (1990) (noting federal authorities may apply confidentiality principles found in FOIA differently from way in which such principles are applied under Texas open records law). This office has stated in numerous opinions that information in the possession of a governmental body of the State of Texas is not confidential or excepted from disclosure merely because the same information is or would be confidential in the hands of a federal agency. *See, e.g.*, Attorney General Opinion MW-95 (neither FOIA nor federal Privacy Act of 1974 applies to records held by state or local governmental bodies in Texas); ORD 124 (fact that information held by federal agency is excepted by FOIA does not necessarily mean that same information is excepted under Act when held by Texas governmental body). Thus, the district may not withhold the submitted information on the basis of FOIA.

Section 552.103 of the Government Code provides in relevant part as follows:

(a) Information is excepted from [required public disclosure] if it is information relating to litigation of a civil or criminal nature to which the state or a political subdivision is or may be a party or to which an officer or employee of the state or a political subdivision, as a consequence of the person’s office or employment, is or may be a party.

...

(c) Information relating to litigation involving a governmental body or an officer or employee of a governmental body is excepted from disclosure

under Subsection (a) only if the litigation is pending or reasonably anticipated on the date that the requestor applies to the officer for public information for access to or duplication of the information.

Gov't Code § 552.103(a), (c). The governmental body has the burden of providing relevant facts and documents to show the section 552.103(a) exception is applicable in a particular situation. The test for meeting this burden is a showing that (1) litigation is pending or reasonably anticipated on the date the governmental body received the request for information and (2) the information at issue is related to that litigation. *Univ. of Tex. Law Sch. v. Tex. Legal Found.*, 958 S.W.2d 479, 481 (Tex. App.—Austin 1997, orig. proceeding); *Heard v. Houston Post Co.*, 684 S.W.2d 210, 212 (Tex. App.—Houston [1st Dist.] 1984, writ ref'd n.r.e.); Open Records Decision No. 551 at 4 (1990). The governmental body must meet both prongs of this test for information to be excepted from disclosure under section 552.103(a).

The question of whether litigation is reasonably anticipated must be determined on a case-by-case basis. *See* Open Records Decision No. 452 at 4 (1986). To demonstrate litigation is reasonably anticipated, the governmental body must furnish concrete evidence that litigation involving a specific matter is realistically contemplated and is more than mere conjecture. *Id.* Concrete evidence to support a claim that litigation is reasonably anticipated may include, for example, an attorney for a potential opposing party making a demand for payment and asserting an intent to sue if such payments are not made. Open Records Decision Nos. 555 at 3 (1990), 346 (1982). Further, concrete evidence to support a claim that litigation is reasonably anticipated may also include the governmental body's receipt of a letter containing a specific threat to sue the governmental body from an attorney for a potential opposing party. ORD 555 (1990); *see* Open Records Decision No. 518 at 5 (1989) (litigation must be "realistically contemplated"). In addition, this office has concluded litigation was reasonably anticipated when the potential opposing party threatened to sue on several occasions and hired an attorney. *See* Open Records Decision No. 288 at 2 (1981). However, an individual publicly threatening to bring suit against a governmental body, but who does not actually take objective steps toward filing suit, is not concrete evidence that litigation is reasonably anticipated. *See* Open Records Decision No. 331 at 1-2 (1982).

You contend the submitted information relates to litigation the district reasonably anticipated on the date it received the instant request. In support of your argument you state, and submit documentation showing, before the date of the request, the district received a letter from the Educational Opportunities Section of the Civil Rights Division of the DOJ notifying the district the DOJ received a complaint alleging discrimination against a district student under Title IV of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 2000c *et seq.* Further, you state, after the date the district received the present request for information, the district received a demand letter from an attorney for private individuals threatening litigation pertaining to the incident that is the subject of the DOJ inquiry. However, you do not inform our office that, at the time the district received the present request, anyone had taken any concrete steps

toward the initiation of litigation regarding this matter. Consequently, we find you have failed to demonstrate the district reasonably anticipated litigation when it received the present request for information. As such, we conclude the district may not withhold the submitted information under section 552.103. As no further exceptions to disclosure have been raised, the district must release the submitted information.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at [http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl\\_ruling\\_info.shtml](http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl_ruling_info.shtml), or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act may be directed to the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,



Cole Hutchison  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

CH/bhf

Ref: ID# 597951

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor  
(w/o enclosures)

FEB 21 2019

At 2:03 p.m.  
Velva L. Price, District Clerk

Cause No. D-1-GN-16-000820

IRVING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, <i>Plaintiff,</i>	§	IN THE DISTRICT COURT
	§	
	§	
v.	§	53rd JUDICIAL DISTRICT
	§	
KEN PAXTON, ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS, <i>Defendant.</i>	§	TRAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS

**AGREED FINAL JUDGMENT**

This cause is an action under the Public Information Act (PIA), Tex. Gov't Code ch. 552, in which the Irving Independent School District (Irving ISD) sought to withhold certain information. All matters in controversy between Plaintiff, Irving ISD, and Defendant, Ken Paxton, Attorney General of Texas (Attorney General), have been resolved by settlement, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A", and the parties agree to the entry and filing of an Agreed Final Judgment.

Texas Government Code section 552.325(d) requires the Court to allow a requestor a reasonable period of time to intervene after notice is attempted by the Attorney General. The Attorney General represents to the Court that, in compliance with Texas Government Code section 552.325(c), the Attorney General sent a certified letter to the requestor, Mr. Avi Selk, on Feb. 1, 2019, informing him of the setting of this matter on the uncontested docket on or after Feb 21, 2019, ~~this date~~. The requestor was informed of the parties' agreement that Irving ISD will have the right to withhold the information at issue. The requestor was also informed of his right to intervene in the suit to contest the withholding of this information. Verification of the certified mailing of this notification is attached as Exhibit B to this Agreed Final Judgment.



The requestor has not filed a motion to intervene.

After considering the agreement of the parties and the law, the Court is of the opinion that entry of an agreed final judgment is appropriate, disposing of all claims between these parties.

IT IS THEREFORE ADJUDGED, ORDERED AND DECLARED THAT:

1. Irving ISD and the Attorney General have agreed that in accordance with the PIA and under the facts presented, the information at issue is excepted from disclosure pursuant to Texas Government Code section 552.103;
2. All court cost and attorney fees are taxed against the parties incurring the same;
3. All relief not expressly granted is denied; and
4. This Agreed Final Judgment finally disposes of all claims that are the subject of this lawsuit between Irving ISD and the Attorney General and is a final judgment.

SIGNED the 21<sup>ST</sup> day of FEBRUARY, 2019.

\_\_\_\_\_  
PRESIDING JUDGE

KARIN CRUMP

AGREED:



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**KIMBERLY FUCHS**

State Bar No. 24044140  
Assistant Attorney General  
Administrative Law Division  
P. O. Box 12548, Capitol Station  
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Telephone: (512) 475-4195  
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Kimberly.Fuchs@oag.texas.gov

**ATTORNEY FOR DEFENDANT, KEN PAXTON**



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**KATHRYN E LONG**

State Bar No. 24041679  
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Telephone: (972) 853-5115  
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klong@thompsonhorton.com

**ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF IRVING ISD**

**A**

Cause No. D-1-GN-16-000820

IRVING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, <i>Plaintiff,</i>	§	IN THE DISTRICT COURT
	§	
	§	
v.	§	53rd JUDICIAL DISTRICT
	§	
KEN PAXTON, ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS, <i>Defendant.</i>	§	TRAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS

**SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT**

This Settlement Agreement (Agreement) is made by and between the Irving Independent School District (Irving ISD) and Ken Paxton, Attorney General of Texas (the Attorney General). This Agreement is made on the terms set forth below.

**Background**

This case was filed under the Public Information Act (PIA), and challenges Open Records Letter Ruling OR2016-03385, in which the Open Records Division of the Attorney General (ORD) required the release of the information at issue in this lawsuit.

After this lawsuit was filed, Irving ISD submitted information and briefing to the Attorney General establishing that Texas Government Code section 552.103 applies to the information at issue, permitting Irving ISD to withhold it from disclosure.

Texas Government Code section 552.325(c) allows the Attorney General to enter into settlement under which the information at issue in this lawsuit may be withheld. The parties wish to resolve this matter without further litigation.

**Terms**

For good and sufficient consideration, the receipt of which is acknowledged, the parties to this Agreement agree and stipulate that:

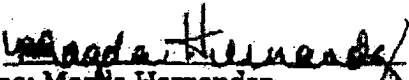
1. Irving ISD and the Attorney General have agreed that in accordance with the PLA and under the facts presented, the information at issue is excepted from disclosure pursuant to Texas Government Code section 552.103.
2. The Attorney General agrees that he will also notify the requestor, as required by Texas Government Code section 552.325(c), of the proposed settlement and of his right to intervene to contest Irving ISD's right to withhold the information.
3. A final judgment entered in this lawsuit after a requestor intervenes prevails over this Agreement to the extent of any conflict.
4. Each party to this Agreement will bear their own costs, including attorney fees relating to this litigation.
5. The terms of this Agreement are contractual and not mere recitals, and the agreements contained herein and the mutual consideration transferred is to compromise disputed claims fully, and nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as an admission of fault or liability, all fault and liability being expressly denied by all parties to this Agreement.
6. Irving ISD warrants that its undersigned representative is duly authorized to execute this Agreement on its behalf and that its representative has read this Agreement and fully understands it to be a compromise and settlement and release of all claims that Irving ISD has against the Attorney General arising out of the matters described in this Agreement.
7. The Attorney General warrants that his undersigned representative is duly authorized to execute this Agreement on behalf of the Attorney General and his representative has read this Agreement and fully understands it to be a

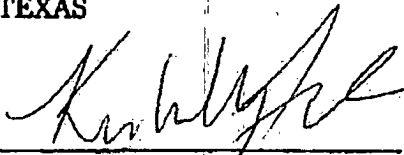
compromise and settlement and release of all claims that the Attorney General has against Irving ISD arising out of the matters described in this Agreement.

8. This Agreement shall become effective, and be deemed to have been executed, on the date on which the last of the undersigned parties sign this Agreement.

IRVING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL  
DISTRICT

KEN PAXTON, ATTORNEY GENERAL  
OF TEXAS

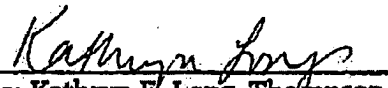
By:   
name: Magda Hernandez  
title: Acting Superintendent of Schools,  
Irving ISD

By:   
name: Kimberly Fuchs  
title: Assistant Attorney General,  
Administrative Law Division

Date: 10/24/2018

Date: 1-31-19

AGREED AS TO FORM:

By:   
name: Kathryn E. Long, Thompson & Horton LLP  
title: Counsel for Irving ISD

Date: 10/24/18