



KEN PAXTON
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

April 24, 2015

Ms. Elizabeth G. Neally
Counsel for Los Fresnos Independent School District
Walsh, Anderson, Gallegos, Green and Trevino, P.C.
P.O. Box 460606
San Antonio, Texas 78246

OR2015-07936

Dear Ms. Neally:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 561217.

The Los Fresnos Independent School District (the "district"), which you represent, received a request for information pertaining to Policy Committee meetings of the Board of Trustees during a specified time period. You state the district will release some of the requested information. You claim some of the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.103, 552.106, 552.107, and 552.111 of the Government Code.¹ We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

You contend documents AG-0024 through AG-0229 are excepted from disclosure under section 552.106 of the Government Code, which excepts from disclosure "[a] draft or working paper involved in the preparation of proposed legislation" and "[a]n internal bill analysis or working paper prepared by the governor's office for the purpose of evaluating proposed legislation[.]" Gov't Code § 552.106(a), (b). Section 552.106 applies specifically to the legislative process and protects advice, opinion, and recommendation on policy

¹Although you raise section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with Texas Rule of Evidence 503 and Texas Rule of Civil Procedure 192.5, this office has concluded section 552.101 does not encompass discovery privileges. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 676 at 1-2 (2002), 575 at 2 (1990). The proper exceptions to raise when asserting the attorney-client privilege and the attorney work product privilege for information not subject to section 552.022 of the Government Code are sections 552.107 and 552.111 of the Government Code, respectively.

matters in order to encourage frank discussion during the policymaking process. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 615 at 2 (1993), 460 at 1-2 (1987). The purpose of section 552.106(a) is to encourage frank discussion on policy matters between the subordinates or advisors of a legislative body and the members of the legislative body. Therefore, section 552.106 is applicable only to the policy judgments, recommendations, and proposals of persons who are involved in the preparation of proposed legislation and who have an official responsibility to provide such information to members of the legislative body. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 460 at 1-2, 367 (1983) (statutory predecessor applied to recommendations of executive committee of State Board of Public Accountancy for possible amendments to Public Accountancy Act); *see also* Open Records Decision No. 429 at 5 (1985) (statutory predecessor to section 552.106 not applicable to information relating to governmental entity's efforts to persuade other governmental entities to enact particular ordinances). Section 552.106 protects only policy judgments, advice, opinions, and recommendations involved in the preparation or evaluation of proposed legislation; it does not except purely factual information from public disclosure. *See* ORD 460 at 2.

You state documents AG-0024 through AG-0229 consists of advice, opinions, and recommendations relating to the district's Board of Trustees' legislative decisions. However, upon review, we find you have failed to demonstrate any of the information in documents AG-0024 through AG-0229 constitutes recommendations, opinions, or advice involved in the preparation or evaluation of proposed legislation for purposes of section 552.106. Accordingly, the district may not withhold any portion of documents AG-0024 through AG-0229 under section 552.106 of the Government Code.

Section 552.107(1) of the Government Code protects information subject to the attorney-client privilege. When asserting the attorney-client privilege, a governmental body has the burden of providing the necessary facts to demonstrate the elements of the privilege in order to withhold the information at issue. Open Records Decision No. 676 at 6-7 (2002). First, a governmental body must demonstrate that the information constitutes or documents a communication. *Id.* at 7. Second, the communication must have been made "to facilitate the rendition of professional legal services" to the client governmental body. TEX. R. EVID. 503(b)(1). The privilege does not apply when an attorney or representative is involved in some capacity other than that of providing or facilitating professional legal services to the client governmental body. *In re Tex. Farmers Ins. Exch.*, 990 S.W.2d 337, 340 (Tex. App.—Texarkana 1999, orig. proceeding) (attorney-client privilege does not apply if attorney acting in a capacity other than that of attorney). Governmental attorneys often act in capacities other than that of professional legal counsel, such as administrators, investigators, or managers. Thus, the mere fact that a communication involves an attorney for the government does not demonstrate this element. Third, the privilege applies only to communications between or among clients, client representatives, lawyers, and lawyer representatives. TEX. R. EVID. 503(b)(1)(A), (B), (C), (D), (E). Thus, a governmental body must inform this office of the identities and capacities of the individuals to whom each communication at issue has been made. Lastly, the attorney-client privilege applies only to a *confidential* communication, *id.* 503(b)(1), meaning it was "not intended to be disclosed to third persons other than those: (A) to whom disclosure is made to further the rendition of

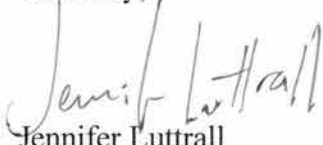
professional legal services to the client; or (B) reasonably necessary to transmit the communication.” *Id.* 503(a)(5). Whether a communication meets this definition depends on the *intent* of the parties involved at the time the information was communicated. *Osborne v. Johnson*, 954 S.W.2d 180, 184 (Tex. App.—Waco 1997, orig. proceeding). Moreover, because the client may elect to waive the privilege at any time, a governmental body must explain that the confidentiality of a communication has been maintained. Section 552.107(1) generally excepts an entire communication that is demonstrated to be protected by the attorney-client privilege unless otherwise waived by the governmental body. *See Huie v. DeShazo*, 922 S.W.2d 920, 923 (Tex. 1996) (privilege extends to entire communication, including facts contained therein).

You state documents AG-0003 through AG-0021 constitute communications between district attorneys and district employees that were made for the purpose of facilitating the rendition of professional legal services to the district. You also state the communications were intended to be confidential and have remained confidential. Based on your representations and our review, we find the district may withhold documents AG-0003 through AG-0021 under section 552.107(1) of the Government Code.² As you raise no further exceptions to disclosure, the remaining information must be released.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl_ruling_info.shtml, or call the Office of the Attorney General’s Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act may be directed to the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,



Jennifer Luttrall
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

JL/akg

²As our ruling on this information is dispositive, we need not address your remaining arguments against disclosure.

Ref: ID# 561217

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)