October 24, 2011

Ms. Jennifer C. Cohen
Assistant General Counsel
Department of Public Safety
P.O. Box 4087
Austin, Texas 78773-0001

Dear Ms. Cohen:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 433985 (PIR # 11-1975).

The Texas Department of Public Safety (the "department") received a request for twenty-three categories of information pertaining to a specified accident. You state the department released some information to the requestor, including a copy of a Texas Peace Officer's Crash Report and basic information. You state the department has redacted information under section 552.130 of the Government Code pursuant to Open Records Decision No. 684 (2009). You also state the department has redacted social security numbers.

1See Transp. Code § 550.065(c)(4) (governmental body must release accident report to a person who provides two of the following three items of information: (1) date of the accident; (2) name of any person involved in the accident; and (3) specific location of the accident).

2See Gov't Code § 552.108(c) (basic information about an arrested person, and arrest, or a crime is not excepted under section 552.108); see also Open Records Decision No. 127 (1976) (summarizing types of information considered basic information).

Open Records Decision No. 684 is a previous determination to all governmental bodies authorizing them to withhold ten categories of information, including Texas driver's license numbers under section 552.130(a)(1) and Texas license plate numbers under section 552.130(a)(2), without the necessity of requesting an attorney general decision. However, on September 1, 2011, the Texas legislature amended section 552.130 to allow a governmental body to redact the information described in subsections 552.130(a)(1) and (a)(3) without the necessity of seeking a decision from the attorney general. See Act of May 30, 2011, 82nd Leg., R.S., S.B. 602, § 22 (to be codified at Gov't Code § 552.130(c)). If a governmental body redacts such
numbers under section 552.147 of the Government Code. You claim the remaining requested information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101 and 552.108 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

We note section 552.130 provides information relating to a motor vehicle operator’s license, driver’s license, motor vehicle title, or registration issued by an agency of this state or an agency of another state or country, is excepted from public release. See Act of May 24, 2011, 82nd Leg., R.S., S.B. 1638, § 4 (to be codified as an amendment to Gov’t Code § 552.130(a)(1)-(2)). The purpose of section 552.130 is to protect the privacy interests of individuals. Because the right of privacy lapses at death, motor vehicle record information that pertains solely to deceased individuals may not be withheld under section 552.130. See Moore v. Charles B. Pierce Film Enters., Inc., 589 S.W.2d 489, 491 (Tex. App.—Texarkana 1979, writ ref’d n.r.e.); see also Attorney General Opinions JM-229 (1984); H-917 (1976); Open Records Decision No. 272 at 1 (1981). Upon review, we agree the information you redacted must be withheld under section 552.130. Additionally, we have marked the license plate number of a vehicle belonging to a deceased individual. To the extent a living person has an ownership interest in the license plate number we have marked, the department must withhold this information under section 552.130. Conversely, if no living person owns an interest in the vehicle at issue, the department must release the license plate number we have marked.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure “information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision.” Gov’t Code § 552.101. This exception encompasses information other statutes make confidential, such as section 11 of article 49.25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, which provides the following:

The medical examiner shall keep full and complete records properly indexed, giving the name if known of every person whose death is investigated, the place where the body was found, the date, the cause and manner of death, and shall issue a death certificate . . . . The records are subject to required public disclosure in accordance with [the Act], except that a photograph or x-ray of a body taken during an autopsy is excepted from required public disclosure in accordance with [the Act], but is subject to disclosure:

information, it must notify the requestor in accordance with section 552.130(e). See Act of May 30, 2011, 82nd Leg., R.S., S.B. 602, § 22 (to be codified at Gov’t Code § 552.130(d), (e)). Thus, the statutory amendments to section 552.130 supersede Open Records Decision No. 684 on September 1, 2011. Therefore, a governmental body may only redact information subject to subsections 552.130(a)(1) and (a)(3) in accordance with section 552.130, not Open Records Decision No. 684.

4Section 552.147(b) of the Government Code authorizes a governmental body to redact a living person’s social security number from public release without the necessity of requesting a decision from this office. Gov’t Code § 552.147(b).
(1) under a subpoena or authority of other law; or

(2) if the photograph or x-ray is of the body of a person who died while in the custody of law enforcement.

Crim. Proc. Code art. 49.25, § 11. You state the submitted photographs constitute autopsy photographs. Upon review, we agree the submitted photographs consist of photographs of a body taken during an autopsy. You indicate neither of the statutory exceptions to confidentiality is applicable in this instance. Thus, we find the department must withhold the autopsy photographs under section 552.101 in conjunction with section 11 of article 49.25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Section 552.108(a)(1) excepts from disclosure “[i]nformation held by a law enforcement agency or prosecutor that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime . . . if . . . release of the information would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime[.]” Gov’t Code § 552.108(a)(1). A governmental body claiming section 552.108 must reasonably explain how and why the release of the requested information would interfere with law enforcement. See id. § 552.301(e)(1)(A); see also Ex parte Pruitt, 551 S.W.2d 706 (Tex. 1977). You state the information you have marked relates to an ongoing criminal investigation. Based on this representation and our review, we determine release of the information you have marked would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime. See Houston Chronicle Publ’g Co. v. City of Houston, 531 S.W.2d 177 (Tex. Civ. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] 1975) (court delineates law enforcement interests that are present in active cases), writ ref’d n.r.e. per curiam, 536 S.W.2d 559 (Tex. 1976). Accordingly, the department may withhold the information you have marked under section 552.108(a)(1).

In summary, the department must withhold the information you have marked, and the license plate number we have marked to the extent a living person has an ownership interest in the license plate number we have marked, under section 552.130 of the Government Code. The department must withhold the autopsy photographs under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 11 of article 49.25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure. The department may withhold the information you have marked under section 552.108(a)(1) of the Government Code.

You request that this office issue a previous determination allowing the department to withhold autopsy photographs from public disclosure, unless the photographs are subject to disclosure under subpoena or authority of other law or if the photograph is of the body of a person who died while in the custody of law enforcement. See Gov’t Code § 552.301(a) (allowing governmental body to withhold information subject to previous determination); Open Records Decision No. 673 (2001). After due consideration, we have decided to grant your request on this matter. Therefore, this letter ruling shall serve as a previous determination under section 552.301(a) of the Government Code that autopsy photographs of the body of a person are excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 11 of article 49.25 of the Code of Criminal
Procedure, unless the photographs are subject to disclosure under subpoena or authority of other law or if the photographs are of the body of a person who died while in the custody of law enforcement. So long as the elements of law, fact, and circumstances do not change so as to no longer support the findings set forth above, the department need not ask for a decision from this office again with respect to this type of information. See ORD 673 at 7.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index_orl.php, or call the Office of the Attorney General’s Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act must be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,

Ana Carolina Vieira
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

ACV/agn

Ref: ID# 433985

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
   (w/o enclosures)